

In spite of advances made in agriculture, many people around the world still go hungry. Why is this the case? What can be done about this problem?

Although modern farms and agricultural operations work far differently than those a few decades ago, people are still suffering from malnutrition since due to population growth, political instability and climate change reasons. However, some measures can be taken by governments and developed countries to alleviate poverty.

There are many factors contribute contributing to being faced with starvation. The primary reason for people being hungry is the population explosion, whereas the production of food has comparatively not increased at on the same scale. Another principle reason for the famine which is both a cause and effect of hunger is war and conflict. The poorest members of society suffer from a lack of basic necessity necessities and their homes are destroyed and communities of people are displaced.

The final cause is the weather shocks due in part to climate change. As the planet has got is getting warmer and prone to extreme weather events, crops are destroyed and livestock die, so farmers are paying the price for droughts and heavy rainfall affects crop yields due and poor farmers cannot bounce back the same way that large agribusinesses can.

This it is extremely hard to tackling tackle with the starvation issue precisely because solving some of the causes of this problem is very hard such as halting the domestic civil wars and nations' war. Ideally, it will happen when world powers choose to focus on solving this problem and it can start when people in developed countries care about this issue and pressure their governments to end conflicts in the world. Another effective solution is education about birth control

because it is the best weapon against poverty and hunger. Many people are not educated on reproduction and do not have access to contraceptives. In addition, the governments should ~~be ensured~~ that small farmers ~~are connected to~~enjoy economic opportunities through agriculture and ~~allocate~~receive more aid budgets so that they can boost their income.

To sum up, solving this problem is feasible, however hard it is. ~~A~~although it needs people and the governments' collective responsibility to care about this crisis.